



CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety

POLICY STATEMENT

Orchard ELC is committed to providing an environment that fosters health, development, spirituality, self-respect and dignity, that is free from violence and exploitation. Under the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998, children and young people must receive the care and protection necessary to ensure their safety, welfare and wellbeing. All educators and volunteers of our service are Mandatory Reporters and are required to report to the Child Protection Helpline (Phone: 132 111) if they have reasonable grounds to suspect a child or young person is at risk of significant harm and have current concerns about the safety, welfare or wellbeing of a child or young person where the concerns arise during or from their work. We are committed to ensuring all educators and staff have a full understanding of their responsibilities as a Mandatory Reporter and are supported in fulfilling these.

GOALS/WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO?

Definitions

'Mandatory reporters' means people who deliver the following services, wholly or partly, to children as part of their paid or professional work:

- Health care (e.g. registered medical practitioners, specialists, general practice nurses, midwives, occupational therapists, speech therapists, psychologists, dentists and other allied health professionals working in sole practice or in public or private health practices)
- Welfare (e.g. psychologists, social workers, caseworkers and youth workers)
- Education (e.g. teachers, counsellors, principals)
- Children's services (e.g. child care workers, family day carers and home-based carers)
- Law enforcement (e.g. police)
- Residential services (e.g. refugee workers and out-of-home care workers)
- Religious bodies (e.g. a person in religious ministry)

Ref: <https://reporter.childstory.nsw.gov.au/s/article/What-is-Mandatory-Reporting>

Mandatory reporting is the legislative requirement for selected classes of people to report suspected child abuse and neglect to government authorities. In NSW, mandatory reporting is regulated by the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998 (The Care Act).

'At risk of significant harm' - in relation to a child or young person means that there are current concerns for their safety, welfare or wellbeing because of the presence to a significant extent of any one or more of the following circumstances¹:

- The child's or young person's basic physical or psychological needs are not being met or at risk of not being met;
- The parents or other caregivers have not arranged and are unable or unwilling to arrange for the child or young person to receive medical care;
- In the case of a child or young person who is required to attend school in accordance with the Education Act 1990 - the parents or other caregivers have not arranged and are unable or unwilling to arrange for the child or young person to receive and education in





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accordance with that Act;

- The child or young person has been, or is at risk of being, physically or sexually abused or ill-treated;
- The child or young person is living in a household where there have been incidents of domestic violence and, as a consequence, the child or young person is at risk of serious physical or psychological harm;
- A parent or other caregiver has behaved in such a way towards the child or young person that the child or young person has suffered or is at risk of suffering serious psychological harm; or
- The child was the subject of a pre-natal report under section 25 of the Children and Young Persons Care and Protection Act 1998 and the birth mother of the child did not engage successfully with the support services to eliminate, or minimise to the lowest level reasonably practical, the risk factors that gave rise to the report.

(Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998 No 157, Chapter 3, Part 2, Section 23)

Reasonable Grounds - means that you suspect a child may be at risk of significant harm based on:

- Your observations of the child, young person or family; or
- What the child, young person, parent or another person has told you. You are NOT required to confirm your suspicions or have clear proof before making a report. To do so may interfere with evidence or compromise the work of statutory agencies, for example the Police or Department of Communities and Justice.

Child story reporters

Mandatory reporters in NSW should use the Mandatory Reporter Guide (MRG) if they have concerns that a child or young person is at risk of being neglected or physically, sexually or emotionally abused. The MRG assists in providing mandatory reporters with the most appropriate reporting decision. It is not designed to determine whether the matter constitutes risk of significant harm (ROSH). This is done at the Child Protection Helpline through the Screening and Response Priority (SCRPT) tool.

The MRG supports mandatory reporters to:

- determine whether a report to the Child Protection Helpline is needed for concerns about possible abuse or neglect of a child (including unborn) or young person
- identify alternative ways to support vulnerable children, young people and their families where a mandatory reporter's response is better served outside the statutory child protection system

It is recommended that mandatory reporters complete the MRG on each occasion they have risk concerns, regardless of their level of experience or expertise. Each circumstance is different and every child and young person is unique.

Helpline caseworkers will make determinations on reports received from mandatory reporters using SCRPT in conjunction with additional information which may not be available to mandatory reporters.





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For more information on Child Story Reporter, refer to: <https://reporter.childstory.nsw.gov.au/s/>

NOTE: The reporter is not required to prove that abuse has occurred.

STRATEGIES AND PRACTICES

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will:

- The Approved provider will ensure that persons placed in day to day charge of the service have a current qualification in Child Protection <https://education.nsw.gov.au/early-childhood-education/working-in-early-childhood-education/child-protection-training-requirements>
- Ensure that any adult working or volunteering with children completes a Working with Children Check and does not will commence employment without their Working with Children Check verified. Any person whose working with children check has been disqualified as a result of failing to qualify for a working with children check renewal, will not be continued to be employed by the service. This is check is verified when renewed; www.ocg.nsw.gov.au/child-safe-organisations/working-with-children-check
- Nominated supervisor in day-to-day charge of the Service has successfully completed a course in child protection approved by the Regulatory Authority.
- Training and development are provided for all educators, staff, and volunteers in child protection.
- Ensure educators rosters are implemented to ensure no employee is left unsupervised at any time, this includes open and closing shifts where 2 staff must be on duty together.
- To provide access to relevant acts, regulations, standards and other resources to help educators, staff, and volunteers meet their obligations.
- Ensure every adult working with children is made aware of the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998 and Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing and of their obligations under this law and action plan (Education and Care Services National Regulation, Regulation 84, National Quality Standards QA 2);
- The Approved Provider must notify the regulatory authority through the NQA-ITS within 7 days of the following
 - Any incident where the any employee reasonably believes that physical abuse or sexual abuse of a child or children has occurred or is occurring while the child is or the children are being educated and cared for by the education and care service;
 - Allegations that physical or sexual abuse of a child or children has occurred or is occurring while the child is or the children are being educated and cared for by the education and care service (other than an allegation that has been notified under section 174(2)(b) of the Law).
 - The Head of Relevant Entity (HRE) - Approved Provider, must give written notice to the Office of the Children's Guardian within 7 days of becoming aware of a reportable allegation. A Final Report must be submitted within 30 days of becoming aware of a reportable allegation, upon conducting further investigation. If a final report cannot be provided within 30 calendar days of becoming aware of reportable conduct, the HRE - Approved Provider, must contact the Office of the Children's Guardian and submit an Interim Report.
- Orientate every working and volunteering adult to this child protection policy, Keep Them Safe/ Child Story protocols and Mandatory Reporter responsibilities and ensuring their





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regular review of these;

Educators and staff will:

- Develop trusting and secure relationships with all children at the service;
- Make reports of current concerns for any child at risk of significant harm to the Child Protection Helpline for Mandatory Reporters; and
- Make appropriate responses to all disclosures of abuse and any allegation of abuse against staff members of the service.
- If educators have concerns about the safety of a child they will:
 - Record their concerns in a non-judgmental and accurate manner as soon as possible.
 - Record their own observations as well as precise details of any discussion with a parent (who may for example explain a noticeable mark on a child).
 - Not conduct their own investigation.
 - Document as soon as possible so the details are accurate, including:
 - Time, date and place of the suspicion
 - Full details of the suspected abuse
 - Date of report and signature

Documentation of Current Concerns

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will:

- Support staff through the process of documenting and reporting current concerns of children at risk of significant harm; and
- Provide all staff and educators with clear guidelines around documentation and a template to support this.

Educators and staff will:

- Make a record of the indicators observed that led to believe that there is a current risk of harm to a child or young person. Complete the NSW Mandatory Reporter Guide and save relevant final decision with the child's details in a safe file. Information on indicators of risk of harm are outlined in the NSW Mandatory Reporter Guide which is accessible at <https://reporter.childstory.nsw.gov.au/s/mrg>
- Discuss any concerns with the Nominated Supervisor of the service.
- Advise the Nominated Supervisor of their intention to make a report to the Child Protection Helpline (132 111);
- Advise the Nominated Supervisor when a report has been made to the Child Protection Helpline.

Mandatory Reporting

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will:

- Provide all staff and educators working directly with children with a copy of this Child





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Protection Policy and a link to the Mandatory Reporter Guide to assist them in their reporting;

- Provide all staff and educators working directly with children with access to the Child Wellbeing and Child Protection NSW Interagency Guidelines; and
- Display the Child Protection Helpline number (132 111) on all phone and lists of emergency contact number in the interests of timely reporting.

Educators and staff will:

1. In an emergency, where there are urgent concerns for a child's health or life, it is important to contact the police, using the emergency line '000';
2. Using the Mandatory Reporter Guide, answer the questions relating to concerns about a child or young person. At the end of the process, a decision report will guide as to what action to take. The Nominated Supervisor is available if staff require assistance to use this online tool;
3. If the Mandatory Reporter Guide determines that there are grounds to suspect a risk of significant harm to a child or young person, the staff member or educator will either generate an eReport or phone the Child Protection Helpline number (132 111).
4. Mandatory reporters should note that the legislation requires that they continue to respond to the needs of the child or young person (within the terms of their work role) even after a report to the Child Protection Helpline has been made;
5. If the Mandatory Reporter Guide determines that an educator or staff member's concerns do not meet the risk of significant harm threshold they do not need to make a report to the Child Protection Helpline, however, they should discuss the matter with the Nominated Supervisor to determine whether the child or family would benefit from the assistance of another agency;
6. The staff member or educator should monitor the situation and if they believe there is additional information that could be taken into account, please repeat steps 1 to 5 as required.

Disclosures of Abuse

Educators and staff will:

- React calmly to the child making the disclosure;
- Listen attentively and later write down the child's exact words;
 - Provide comfort and care to the child.
 - Follow the steps for reporting as per the Mandatory Reporter Guide.
- Reassure the child or young person that: It is not their fault;
 - It was right to tell;
 - It is not OK for adults to harm children - no matter what;
 - Explain what will happen now - that it is part of your job to tell people who can help the child or young person.
 - Give the child or young person their full attention.
 - Maintain a calm appearance.
 - Reassure the child or young person it is right to tell.
 - Accept the child or young person will disclose only what is comfortable and





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recognise the bravery/strength of the child for talking about something that is difficult.

- Let the child or young person take his or her time.
- Let the child or young person use his or her own words.
- Don't make promises that can't be kept. For example, never promise that you will not tell anyone else.
- Honestly tell the child or young person what you plan to do next.
- Do not confront the perpetrator.
- Document as soon as possible so the details are accurately captured including:
 - Time, date and place of the disclosure
 - 'Word for word' what happened and what was said, including anything they (the staff member/educator) said and any actions that have been taken
 - Date of report and signature

Educators and staff will not:

- Prompt the child for further details or ask leading questions which would make the child feel uncomfortable or has the potential to jeopardise any future legal proceedings that may arise as a result of any investigation.
- **It is important to understand that our role is solely to support the wellbeing of the child at all times, not to investigate further any disclosure made by the child.**

Breach of child protection policy

- All educators and staff working with children have a duty of care to support and protect children. A duty of care is breached if a person:
 - Does something that a reasonable person in that person's position would not do in a particular situation.
 - Fails to do something that a reasonable person in that person's position would do in the circumstances.
 - Acts or fails to act in a way that causes harm to someone the person owes a duty of care.

Allegations of Abuse Against Staff, Educators, Volunteers or Students

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will:

- Develop and maintain a system of appropriate record keeping for all allegations to ensure detailed documentation is made and stored as required;
- Take all allegations of abuse seriously and clarify what is being alleged with the person who is making the allegation;
- Nominated Supervisor will inform Representative of the Approved Provider (General Manager of OELC) to inform of the allegations once received.
- Representative of the Approved Provider to contact the Reportable Conduct Scheme on (02) 8219 3800 or at reportableconduct@ocg.nsw.gov.au to clarify information that is unclear before taking any action;
- Assess whether or not a child or young person is 'at risk of significant harm' and, if so,





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make a report to the Child Protection Helpline;

- Determine whether the allegation is a reportable allegation or reportable conviction: www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/ArticleDocuments/1021/Identifying_reportable_allegations.pdf.aspx?Embed=Y
- 7-day notification form will be completed by the HRE – (Representative of Approved Provider) and submitted to the Office of the Children's Guardian within 7 days of becoming aware of reportable allegation, as required under the Children's Guardian Act 2019;
 - www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/child-safe-organisations/reportable-conduct-scheme/organisations-in-the-scheme/notify-the-childrens-guardian
 - www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/ArticleDocuments/1022/7-DayNotificationForm.pdf.aspx?Embed=Y
- Consider whether or not the police need to be informed of the allegation and if so, make a report;
- Ensure confidentiality is maintained at all times and that systems are in place to deal with any breaches of confidentiality;
- Undertake a risk management approach following an allegation to ensure the protection and safety of children, staff and visitors to the service. Based on this risk assessment, decisions will be made in order to manage the risks that have been identified;
- Develop an investigation plan of the matter. Obtain relevant information from a range of sources. This may include a statement from the person who made the allegation; statements from witnesses and a statement from the person against whom the allegation has been made and any other relevant documentation;
 - If the allegation is being investigated by Department of Communities and Justice or the Police, the service will be guided by their advice as to whether they should independently investigate the allegation;
 - If the investigation is carried out by the service, the information that has been gathered will be assessed and a finding made as to whether the allegation is false, vexatious, misconceived, not reportable conduct, not sustained or sustained. The reasons for the finding will be clearly recorded to ensure that the decision-making has been transparent;
- The educator, volunteer or student will be advised of the outcome of the investigation in writing. Advice will be provided about the investigation finding and any follow up action that may be required. Advice will also be provided about any rights of appeal and the person will be advised that the Office of the Children's Guardian has been notified and the Joint Child Protection Response Program (JCPRP) also notified of the relevant employment proceeding (if relevant);
- 30-day interim report form or Entity report form (to be provided after the investigation or determination is completed) will be completed by the HRE - Approved Provider and submitted to the Office of the Children's Guardian with 30 calendar days of becoming aware of a reportable allegation, as required under the Children's Guardian Act 2019;
 - www.ocg.nsw.gov.au/ArticleDocuments/1022/30-DayInterimReportForm.pdf.aspx?Embed=Y
 - www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/ArticleDocuments/1022/EntityReportForm.pdf.aspx?Embed=Y
- Department of Communities and Justice will also be informed of the outcome of the investigation.





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Informing the Educator, Volunteer/Student

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor will:

- Treat the staff member/educator/volunteer/student with fairness at all times and uphold their employee rights at all times;
- Depending on the nature of the allegation, arrange to inform the person immediately (though be guided by the advice of DCJ or the police);
- Arrange for the person against whom an allegation has been made, to have a support person attend the meeting. This support person must not participate in the discussions throughout the meeting;
- Make accurate documentation of all conversations, and ensure all records are kept confidentially;
- Offer counselling or support to the person subject to the allegation;
- Depending on the nature of the allegation made, the person subject to the allegation may be suspended pending further investigation;
- After all investigations are completed, provide the educator/carer/volunteer with verbal and written notification of the outcome of the investigation.

Rights of All Parties

- The decision making process throughout the investigation will be based on the safety and wellbeing of the child/ren and the staff/carers/carer's household members;
- Consideration will be taken in relation to actual or potential 'conflicts of interest' that may be held by the investigator;
- All reportable allegations will be notified to the Office of the Children's Guardian. The person, against whom the allegation has been made, will be notified of this and will also be notified of the investigation find and follow up action, including the notification to the Joint Child Protection Response Program;
- The person, against whom the allegation has been made, will be notified of any appeal mechanisms if they are not satisfied with the investigation process or the outcome of the investigation;
- The Approved Provider, Nominated Supervisor, or other nominated person who conducts the investigation, will ensure that they act without bias, without delay and without conflict of interest; and
- All parties can complain to the Office of the Children's Guardian if they are not satisfied with the conduct of the investigation.

Protection for reporters

- Reports made to Community Services are kept confidential. However, a law enforcement agency may access the identity of the reporter if this is needed in connection with the investigation of an alleged serious offence against a child. Under the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998 if the report is made in good faith:
 - The report will not breach standards of professional conduct
 - The report cannot lead to defamation proceedings
 - The report is not admissible in any proceedings as evidence against the person





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who made the report

- A person cannot be compelled by a court to provide the report or disclose its contents
- The identity of the person making the report is protected.
- A report is also an exempt document under the Freedom of Information Act 1989.

Confidentiality

- The service will handle any allegation of child abuse in a confidential manner.
- It is important that any notification remains confidential, as it is vitally important to remember that no confirmation of any allegation can be made until the matter is investigated. The individual who makes the notification should not inform the suspected perpetrator (if known). This ensures the matter can be investigated without contamination of evidence or pre-rehearsed statements. It also minimises the risk of retaliation on the child for disclosing.

Educating children about protective behaviour

Our program will educate children:

- About acceptable and unacceptable behaviour, and what is appropriate and inappropriate contact at an age appropriate level and understanding.
- About their right to feel safe at all times.
- To say 'no' to anything that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable.
- About how to use their own knowledge and understanding to feel safe.
- To identify feelings that they do not feel safe.
- The difference between 'good' and 'bad' secrets.
- That there is no secret or story that cannot be shared with someone they trust.
- That educators are available for them if they have any concerns.
- To tell educators of any suspicious activities or people.
- To recognise and express their feelings verbally and non-verbally.
- That they can choose to change the way they are feeling.

FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE OFFICE OF THE CHILDREN'S GUARDIAN CAN BE OBTAINED BY:

Phone: 02 8219 3800

Email: reportableconduct@kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au

Web: www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au





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LINKS TO EDUCATION AND CARE SERVICES NATIONAL REGULATIONS, NATIONAL QUALITY STANDARD

- Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998
- Commission for Children and Young People Act 1998
- Children's Guardian Act 2019
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010

LEGISLATIVE APPLICATIONS

- Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998, s.27; s.245A; s.248(1)(b)
- Education and Care Services National Law Act (2010) Part 6 Section 166-167; s.174
- Education and Care Services National Regulations (2011) Part 4.2, R84 Part 4.7, R168, R175 2 (d) (e) and R176 2 (c), Children's Guardian Act (2019) Part 4

REFERENCES

- NSW Government, Department of Communities and Justice, Resources for Mandatory Reporters, accessed from: www.facs.nsw.gov.au/families/Protecting-kids/mandatory-reporters
- NSW Department of Communities and Justice, Protecting our kids, accessed from: www.facs.nsw.gov.au/families/Protecting-kids

POLICY REVIEW

The Service encourages staff and parents to be actively involved in the annual review of each of its policies and procedures. In addition, the Service will accommodate any new legislative changes as they occur and any issues identified as part the Service's commitment to quality improvement. The Service consults with relevant recognised authorities as part of the annual review to ensure the policy contents are consistent with current research and contemporary views on best practice.

Date(s) reviewed: April 2019 / April 2020 / January 2021 / February 2022 / November 2022

